Threatens to Withdraw

Supporting the American notion, Mr. Gompers said: "We differ with the Swiss proposal, but the difference is a thing apart from whether there be one vote for every 250,000 or for 1,000,000. There is in this motion possibility that there might be two or more delegations from each country. We won't si in any gathering where more than one centre is recognized from each country. "There must be only one body of organized labor in each country. Otherwise it is a clear invitation for national division, rivalry and discord. There is enough trouble in every country without adding to it by recognizing more than one labor body."

Jouhaux, of the French delegation, said he thought that it was wise to invite the organizations not previously members of the International, and that the question of the voting power could be left until. Later time, when old members would have time to appeal to those not now affiliated. The French showed a conciliatory spirit, and the first vote found them, with the Belgians, on the side of the Germans.

German Urges Unanimity

Belgians.
Carl Rudolph Legien, president of the German Federation of Trades Unions, in reply defended the entire policy of the German trades unionists, which, he said, had been absolutely correct, and declared their position prevented their protesting to the government. Moreover, Legien added that they all the time were under the impression that they were fighting a defensive war.

Ameliorations Sought

Ameliorations Sought "We did what we thought was right to help the Belgian workers." Legien continued. "Instead of protesting pub-licly we tried to retain the influence of the government and effect ameliora-

Intervention; Law Opposes (Antionalization Vote)

Nationalization Vote

London, July 28.—Late to-night the foreshing the strike situation remained leadlocked. Neither side seemed will among the delegates that Legien's statement constituted a halting apology.

Samuel Gompera, president of Labor, followed Legien in the course of a speech had defended the sinkin gof the Lusitania. Mr. Gompers told the Germans they owed an apology for their actions during the war, not only to Belgium, but the war, not only to Belgium, but the war, not only to Belgium, but the world. International Organization of Workers.

The American labor leader brought to light a communication he sent to Legien before America entered the war, in the Mouse of Commons, and the Organization of the Lusitania of the light and the House of Commons, and the Germans to protest against the Lusitania before the Ramerican labor leader brought to light a communication he sent to Legien before American entered the war, in which he endeavored to persuade the Germans to protest against the Lusitania incident. This was considered in a letter carried by Count von land the Country of the Lusitania incident. This was considered in a letter carried by Count von land the country of the Lucitania incident. This was considered in a letter carried by Count von land the country of the Lucitania incident. This was considered in a letter carried by Count von land the country of the Lucitania incident. This was considered in a letter carried by Count von land the country of the Lucitania incident. This was considered the consideration of the country of the Lucitania incident. This was considered to persuade the Germans to protest against the Lucitania incident. This was considered the consideration of the country of the co

Belgian Wrongs Admitted At the end of the long sitting Herr assenbach, a German Socialist, handed

the letter.

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At the end of the long sitting Herral According to the long sitting Herral According

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 28. — "It you would stay the sway of discontent, radicalism. Socialism or Bolshevism, do not allow the teachers of your sons to be discontented."

Police Relief Fund Made
Solvent by Field Days

Ellot Wadsworth, whose name was linked throughout the war with the accomplishments of the American Red Cross, introduced President Lowell. Among the "old graduates" were Alexis I. du Pont, of Delaware; Jerome D. Greene, Thomas W. Slocum, John W. Prentiss, Elliot C. Bacon, Lawrence I. Sexton, L. P. Marvin and Owen Winston, all of New York.

A. E.

In Personal Corposition of the New York State Surrein of Have Beard of the Control of the New York State Surrein of the

## Solvent by Field Days

End of Yorkshire Strike
Is Blocked by Deadlock
Both Sides Apparently Await
Intervention; Law Opposes
Nationalization Vote

Indeed Team of Canada.

Indeed Team of South Africa.

Indeed Team of South Africa.

Intervention; Law Opposes

Nationalization Vote

Indeed Team of the international union, after a report was received the president and the secretary of the district had joined the "one big union" which attempted some time ago to call a general strike in Winnipeg and other cities of Canada.

Intervention:

Interven

# Vote Strike To-day

Plea of Union Secretary for Consideration for Public Consideration for Public Consideration for Public Street, Rev. Vork. FLOHL, Theodore, private, 950 East Ninety-eighth Street, Brooklyn.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Street car employes of Chicago's surface and elevated lines to-night voted to strike at a. m. to-morrow after refusing to ratify an agreement reached earlier in LANZER, Albert H., private, 323 East the day between representatives of the employes and employers. The agree-ment, representatives of both parties had thought, would avert a walkout

Under the agreement the men were to receive sixty-five cents an hour for an eight-hour day and time and a half

Under the agreement the men were to receive sixty-five cents an hour for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime.

Six thousand surface and elevated employes acted for the entire membership of their unions in voting to strike. Their rejection of the agreement was unanimous.

The vote to strike, which was taken during a tumultuous session, in which cries of "To hell with the Chicago public!" greeted International Secretary Bland, of the Street Railway Employes Union, when he announced that "we are not fighting the estreeter companies in this wage matter. We are fighting the public."

Approximately 15,00 men will be affected by the walk-out.

Six thousand surface and elevated Missing in Action, Previously Reported Nucleon Previously Reported Died HornBECK, Harrison E., lieutenant, 34 Cliff Avenue, Yonkers.

SPINNER, Edwin, private, 419 West 124th Street, New York.

House Inquiry Is Proposed On Smuggling of Aliens New York Tribure Washington Bureau WASHINGTON, July 28. A resolution providing an investigation into the smurrging of aliens into this country

# Returns on La Lorraine day

Savs He Is Optimistic Over Re- He

Solvent by without adding us it by recognition. Solvent by Field Days Solvent by Field D

Wounded Severely
DOONAN, Francis
Elmhurst N. Y.
HUTTY, Henry S., sergeant, 83 Maujer
Streat P.

Turned Down by Members at Stormy Session Wounded Slightly McGRAVNEY, Lawrence, private, 626 Second Avenue, New York.

MEZZESTATA, Tony, private, Jersey City. N. J.

MOFUCCI, Angelo I., private, Irvington-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Died of Disease
LANZER, Albert H., private, 323 East
241st Street, New York.

CHANGES IN STATUS
The following cabled corrections are issued as an appendix to the regular casualty lists:

tion providing an investigation into the smuggling of aliens into this country across the Mexican and Canadian bor-

The resolution would authorize the House Committee on Immigration and naturalization to visit the places complained of and get the facts about the

## Paterson Silk Mills Agree on 44-Hour Week

In Pershing's List Movement Begun to Extend System Through Pennsylvania and New England

PATERSON, July 28.—The silk manufacturers of Paterson, through the Paterson Employers' Association, have reached an agreement with the United Textile Workers of America whereby the forty-four hour week will be granted the 28,000 workers in the silk industry here on October 10, or immediately upon the proclamation of peace by President Wilson should such action be taken before the date mentioned.

agree that Paterson manufacturers working forty-four hours would find it difficult to compete with outside manufacturers who were working longer hours. Inasmuch as a number of Paterson manufacturers have extensive interests in Pennsylvania, it is expected there will be little difficulty in making the forty-four hour week general throughout the industry.

Berger Calls Last War

World's Greatest Crime

Says if Seated in Congress He Will Vote Against All War

Appropriations

World to the American Federation of Labor, because, he added, "Samuel Gompers, for some time past, has been the tool of capitalists."

Asked to explain this statement, Mr. Berger said that of the two organinations, "the l. W. W was the better, for it at least had the chass instinct."

Mr. Berger said he was in favor of intervention in Mexico in 1916, but greatly opposed to the draft of 1917. Every war, if not a war to repulse invasion, he said, was a crime against humanity, and the last war was the greatest crime ever committed.

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## Appoint The Fifth Avenue Bank of New York your Executor and Trustee

ECENTLY enacted legislation has given us powers permitting us to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian and in other fiduciary capacities, and we have organized a Trust Department to care for this business which will be a department of the bank and under the same management.

> The opportunity to explain this service in detail will be appreciated. An officer will gladly confer with you here at the bank or will call if requested.

## THE FIFTH AVENUE BANK of New York

530 Fifth Avenue, N. W. Corner 44th Street

NA DOMENIA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DE LA PROPERTA DE LA PORTA DEL PROPERTA DEL PROPERTA DEPARTA DE LA PROPERTA DEL PROPERT Now You May Eat

More Beef and Lamb The war is over; and all restrictions on meat are off.

> Now you may eat all you want with a free conscience-beef, lamb, veal-three times a day if you wish.

> You have done splendidly; you have helped win the war by denying yourself meat, as you have in dozens of other ways.

> But you needn't hold off any more; it's over "over there" forever.

> Most of the boys are back at work; army meat demands are no longer a strain.

> England and other European Countries do not have to depend solely upon us any more. Ever since the beginning of the war, the American live stock raiser has been raising so much more live stock that there is plenty to go 'round.

So, go back to your meat and enjoy it.

American National Live Stock Association National Wool towers' Association Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas Corn Belt Meat Producers' Association of Iowa Kansas Live Stock Association onthern Cattlemen's Association Panhandle and Southwestern Stockmen's Association Sebraska Stock Growers' Association Missouri Live Stock Feeders' Association Illinois Live Stock Association

Indiana Cattle Feeders' Association West Virginia Live Stock Association Wyoming Stock Growers' Association Montana Stock Growers' Association California Cattlemen's Association Colorado Line Stock Association Idaho Cattle Growers' Association Arizona Cattle Growers' Association New Mexico Cattle Growers' Association Cattle Raisers' Association of Oregon

Republished by the American Meat Packers' Association

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